7

6

П СОМР

 $V_{CC+}$ 

OUT

OFFSET N2

P PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

N1/COMP

IN- **□** 2

IN+ 3

 $V_{CC}$ 

SLOS368 - JUNE 2001

- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Common-Mode and Differential Voltage Ranges
- Low Input Bias and Offset Currents
- Output Short-Circuit Protection
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion . . . 0.003% Typ
- High Input Impedance . . . JFET Input Stage
- External Frequency Compensation
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes V<sub>CC+</sub>
- Latch-Up-Free Operation
- High Slew Rate . . . 13 V/μs Typ

#### description

The TL080 JFET-input operational amplifier incorporates well-matched, high-voltage JFET and bipolar transistors in an integrated circuit. This device features high slew rates, low input bias and offset currents, and a low offset-voltage temperature coefficient. Offset adjustment and external-compensation options are available.

The TL080C is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

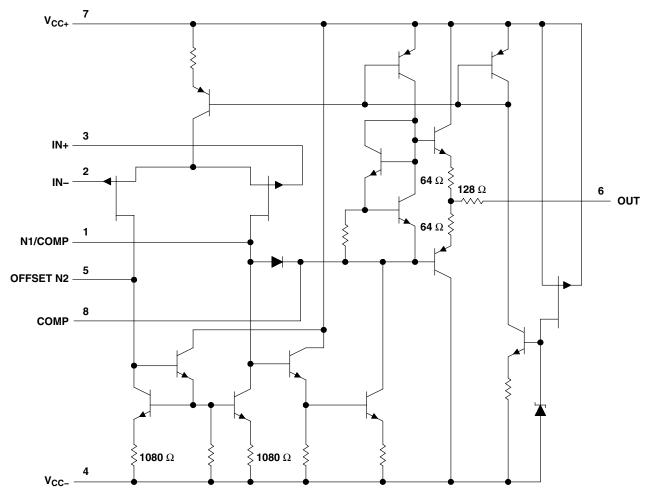
		PACKAGE			
T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>IO</sub> max AT 25°C	PLASTIC DIP (P)			
0°C to 70°C	10 mV	TL080CP			



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



#### schematic



All component values shown are nominal.

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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage (see Note 1): V <sub>CC+</sub>	18 V
V <sub>CC-</sub>	–18 V
Differential input voltage, V <sub>ID</sub> (see Note 2)	±30 V
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub> (see Notes 1 and 3)	±15 V
Duration of short-circuit current (see Note 4)	Unlimited
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Notes 5 and 6)	85°C/W
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C
Storage temperature range. Teta	65°C to 150°C

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V<sub>CC+</sub> and V<sub>CC-</sub>.
  - 2. Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-.
  - 3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 V, whichever is less.
  - 4. The output can be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.
  - 5. Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can impact reliability.
  - 6. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

#### electrical characteristics, $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CC	NDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub> †	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V	lanut affact voltage	V 0	D 500	25°C		3	15	mV
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	$V_{O}=0,$	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	Full range			20	
$\alpha_{V_{IO}}$	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	$V_O = 0$ ,	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	Full range		18		μV/°C
	Input offset current‡	V 0		25°C		5	200	pА
I <sub>IO</sub>	input onset current+	$V_O = 0$		Full range			2	nA
1	I <sub>IB</sub> Input bias current <sup>‡</sup>			25°C		30	400	pА
I <sub>IB</sub>	input bias current.	V <sub>O</sub> = 0		Full range			10	nA
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range			25°C	±11	-12 to 15		V
		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		25°C	±12	±13.5		V
V <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum peak output voltage swing	$R_L \geq 10~k\Omega$		Full range	±12			
		$R_L \geq 2~k\Omega$			±10	±12		
Λ	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 10 \text{ V},  R_L \ge 2 \text{ k}\Omega$		25°C	25	200		V/mV
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification			Full range	15			V/IIIV
B <sub>1</sub>	Unity-gain bandwidth			25°C		3		MHz
rį	Input resistance			25°C		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR}m$ $V_O = 0, R_S =$		25°C	70	86		dB
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{CC\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ $V_{O} = 0, R_{S} =$		25°C	70	86		dB
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	$V_O = 0$ ,	No load	25°C		1.4	2.8	mA
V <sub>O1</sub> /V <sub>O2</sub>	Crosstalk attenuation	A <sub>VD</sub> = 100		25°C		120		dB

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode voltage unless otherwise specified. Full range for T<sub>A</sub> is -40°C to 85°C.

<sup>‡</sup> Input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive, as shown in Figure 5. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.



<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### operating characteristics, $V_{CC\pm}$ = $\pm 15$ V, $T_A$ = $25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT			
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_I = 10 \ V,$	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF,	See Figure 1	8	13		V/μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise-time overshoot factor		<b>D 0</b> 10	0 100 5	O 1		0.05		μs
		$V_I = 20 \text{ mV},$	$H_L = 2 \text{ K}\Omega$	$C_L = 100 pF,$	See Figure 1		20%		
.,	For the least transition of a configuration	D 400 0	f = 1 kHz				18		nV/√ <del>Hz</del>
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	$R_S = 100 \Omega$	f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz				4		μV
In	Equivalent input noise current	$R_S = 100 \Omega$ ,	f = 1 kHz				0.01		pA/√ <del>Hz</del>
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$V_{O(rms)} = 10 \text{ V},$	$R_S \le 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$ ,	f = 1 kHz	(	0.003%		

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

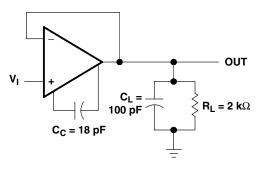


Figure 1. Unity-Gain Amplifier

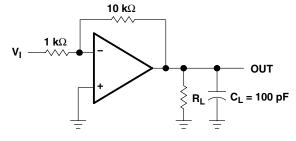
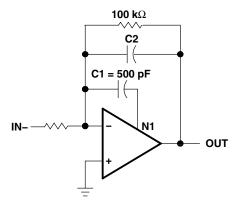


Figure 2. Gain-of-10 Inverting Amplifier



**Figure 3. Feed-Forward Compensation** 

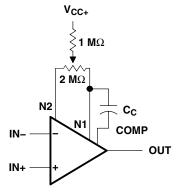


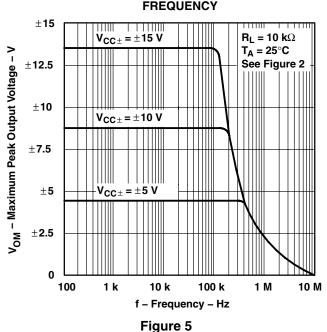
Figure 4. Input Offset Voltage Null Circuit

#### **Table of Graphs**

			FIGURE
V <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum peak output voltage	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature vs Load resistance vs Supply voltage	5, 6, 7 8 9 10
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Free-air temperature vs Frequency	11 12
	Differential voltage amplification	vs Frequency	13
$P_D$	Total power dissipation	vs Free-air temperature	14
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	vs Free-air temperature vs Supply voltage	14 15
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current	vs Free-air temperature	16
	Large-signal pulse response	vs Time	17
Vo	Output voltage	vs Elapsed time	18
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Free-air temperature	19
Vn	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	20
THD	Total harmonic distortion	vs Frequency	21

#### **MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

## **FREQUENCY**



## **MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

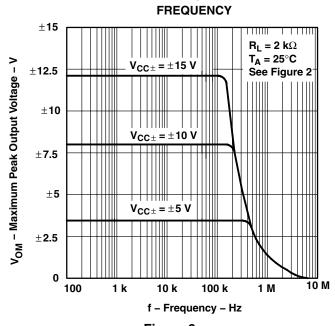
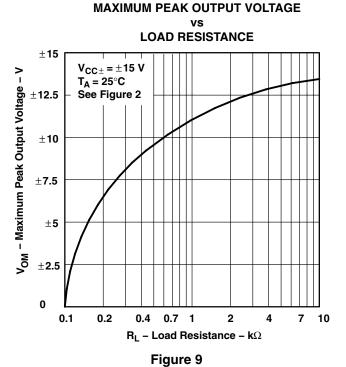


Figure 6

#### **MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE** vs **FREQUENCY** ±15 $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ V<sub>OM</sub> - Maximum Peak Output Voltage - V $R_L = 2 k\Omega$ T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C ±12.5 See Figure 2 $\pm 10$ $T_A = -55^{\circ}C$ $\pm 7.5$ T<sub>A</sub> = 125°C $\pm \mathbf{5}$ $\pm 2.5$ 400 k 1 M 10 k 40 k 100 k 4 M 10 M f - Frequency - Hz





#### **MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE** vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE ±15 $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ V<sub>OM</sub>- Maximum Peak Output Voltage - V ±12.5 $R_L = 2 k\Omega$ ±10 ±7.5 ±5 ±2.5 $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ See Figure 2 -75 -50 -25 25 50 75 100 125 0

Figure 8

T<sub>A</sub> - Free-Air Temperature - °C

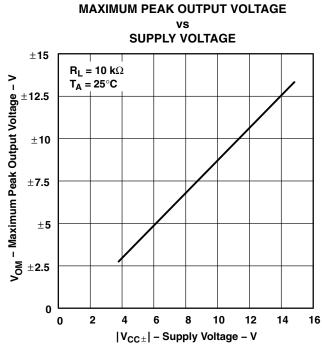
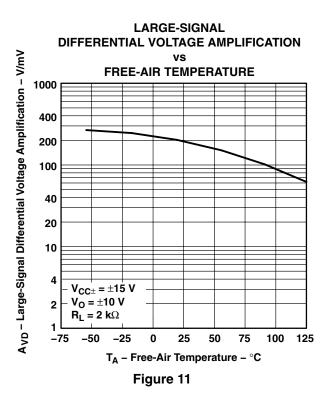
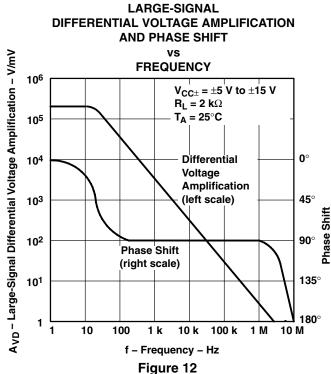


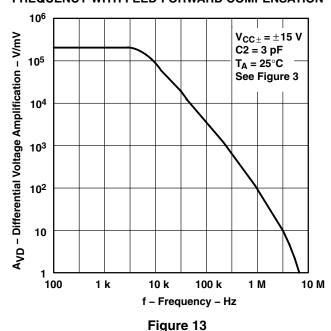
Figure 10





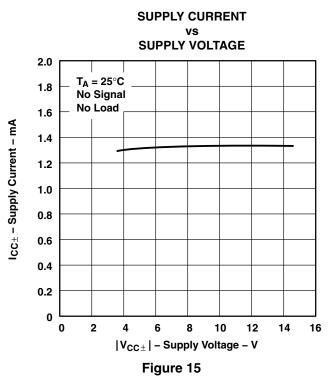
**SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER** 

# DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION vs FREQUENCY WITH FEED-FORWARD COMPENSATION



FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE 2.0  $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ 1.8 No Signal No Load 1.6 CC ± - Supply Current - mA 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0 -50 25 50 -75 -25 0 75 100 125 T<sub>A</sub> - Free-Air Temperature - °C

Figure 14



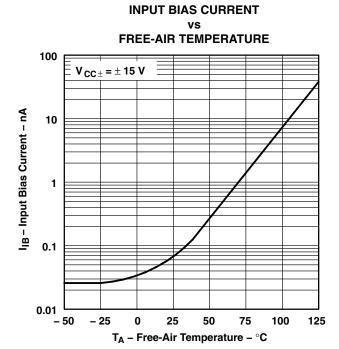
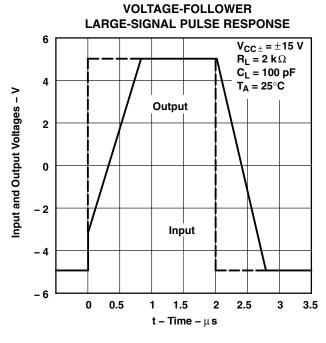


Figure 16



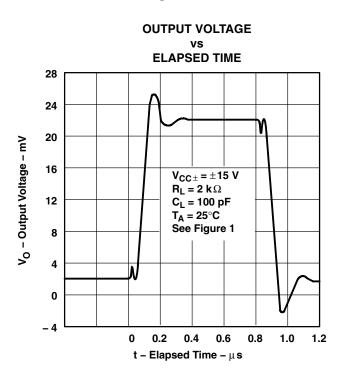
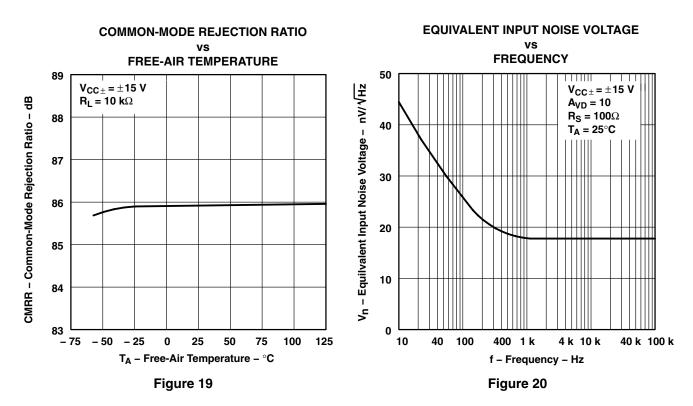


Figure 17

Figure 18



#### **TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION**

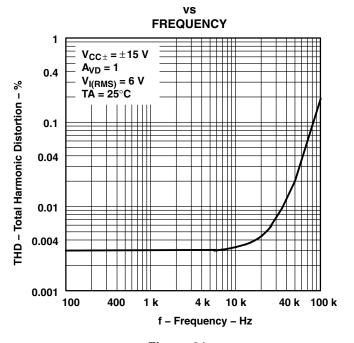


Figure 21

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

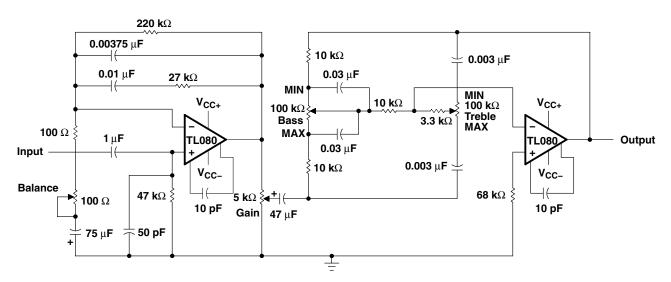


Figure 22. IC Preamplifier



#### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

11-Apr-2013

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)		(3)		(4)	
TL080CP	NRND	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	TL080CP	
TL080CPE4	NRND	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	TL080CP	
TL080IP	OBSOLETE	PDIP	Р	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

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## P (R-PDIP-T8)

### PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.



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